

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Formic Acid 85-90%

Product Code ACR41077, AJA1063, AJA1064, AJA233, FSBA117, FSBF/1750, FSBF/1800,

FSBF/1820

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Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

Physical hazards

E-mail address

Flammable liquids Category 3

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards

No hazards identified

Label Elements



Flame



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

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P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

No information available

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Formic acid	64-18-6	85-90
Water	7732-18-5	10-15

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial

respiration with a respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms/effects Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. . Symptoms of overexposure

may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe

damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

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Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Combustible material.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace. UK - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

	Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Ī	Formic acid	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm (8
		STEL: 19 mg/m ³	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	STEL: 28.8 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -
		TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm		min	exposure factor 2
		TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 19 mg/m ³		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 9.5 mg/m ³ (8
					TWA: 9.6 mg/m ³ 8 hr	Stunden). AGW -

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		exposure factor 2 TWA: 5 ppm (8
		Stunden). MAK
		TWA: 9.5 mg/m³ (8
		Stunden). MAK
		Höhepunkt: 10 ppm
		Höhepunkt: 19 mg/m ³

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
1	Butyl rubber	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161.1	(minimum requirement)
1		recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to

EN14387 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 2.1

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Melting Point/Range8 °C / 46.4 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range101 °C / 213.8 °F

Flash Point 60 °C / 140 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate
No data available
Flammability (solid.gas)
Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid Explosion Limits No data available

Vapor PressureNo data availableVapor DensityNo data available

Vapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)Specific Gravity / DensityNo data available

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid
Water Solubility Soluble in water

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

Formic acid -0.54

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availableViscosityNo data available

Explosive PropertiesNo information available explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Other information

Molecular Formula C H2 O2 Molecular Weight 46.02

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products, Excess heat, Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information (a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

DermalNo data availableInhalationNo data available

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Formic acid	LD50 = 1100 mg/kg (Rat)		
Water	LD50 > 90 mL/kg (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1

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(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory No data available Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (a) reproductive toxicity: (h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No information available. **Target Organs** No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains

following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Formic acid	Leuciscus idus: LC50 =	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h
	46-100 mg/L/96h	-	_	

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

Degradation in sewage treatment plant water treatment plants. **Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Formic acid	-0.54	0.22

environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

Mobility The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance **Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues / Unused **Products**

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers **Contaminated Packaging**

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection

> service. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH

and harm aquatic organisms.

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Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

<u>ADG</u>

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 3
Packing Group ||

Component	Hazchem Code
Formic acid	2W
64-18-6 (85-90)	2X

IATA

UN-No UN1779
Proper Shipping Name FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL
Formic acid	Х	Х	200-579- 1	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
Water	Х	Х	231-791- 2	-	Х	Х	-	Х	ı	Х	Х

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Medicines and Poisons	of Health Surveillance
Formic acid	Schedule 5 listed - except its salts and derivatives. Except in preparations containing <=0.5% of Formic acid	
Component	Australian - Illi	cit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List
Formic acid		Category 3

Prohibition or notification/licensing Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
Inventory

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

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DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2012 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

ADG Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards
On basis of test data
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date 31-Aug-2015 Revision Summary Update to Format.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia WHS Regulation

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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